## OUTCOME OF THE INTERNATIONAL MILITARY TRIBUNAL ( $\mbox{IMT})$

| DEFENDANTS                          | POSITION IN REICH   | SENTENCE       | RESULTS          |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|
| Hermann Goering                     | Reich Marshal and Commander of the Luftwaffe                        | Death          | Suicide          |
| Rudolf Hess                         | Deputy Fuhrer   | Life in Prison | Died in prison   |
| Joachim von Ribbentrip              | Reich Foreign Minister  | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Wilhelm Keitel                      | Chief of the Armed Forces High Command                              | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Ernst Kaltenbrunner                 | Chief of the SD and head of RSHA                                    | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Alfred Rosenberg                    | Reich Minister for the Eastern Occupied Areas                       | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Hans Frank                          | Governor-General of General Government                              | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Wilhelm Frick                       | Minister of the Interior  | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Julius Streicher                    | Founder of Der Sturmer, Gauleiter of Franconia                      | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Fritz Sauckel                       | Plenipotentiary General for manpower                                | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Alfred Jodl                         | Chief of Armed Forces High Command Operations                       | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Martin Bormann (in abstentia)       | Deputy Fuhrer, Head of the Chancellery                              | Death          | Never Captured   |
| Franz von Papen                     | Ambassador to Vienna and Turkey                                     | Acquitted      |                  |
| Arthur Seyss-Inquart                | Reich Commissioner for Occupied Netherlands                         | Death          | Hanged 10/16/46  |
| Albert Speer                        | Minister of Armaments and War Production                            | 20 years       | Served full term |
| Konstantine Freiherr<br>Von Neurath | Minister of Foreign Affairs, Reich Protector of Bohemia and Moravia | 15 years       | Served 8 years   |
| Hjalmar Schacht                     | Minister of Economics, President of Reichsbank                      | Acquitted      |                  |

| Walter Funk         | President of Reichsbank                     | Life in prison | Died in prison   |
|---------------------|---|----------------|------------------|
| Karl Donitz         | Supreme Commander of the Navy, Chancellor   | 10 years       | Served full term |
| Erich Raeder        | Supreme Commander of the Navy               | Life in prison | Served 9 years   |
| Baldur von Schirach | Leader of Hitler Youth, Gauleiter of Vienna | 20 years       | Served full term |
| Hans Fritzsche      | Head of Radio Division, Propaganda Ministry | Acquitted      |                  |

These men were tried on the charges of conspiracy, crimes against peace, war crimes, and crimes against humanity.

Twelve more Nuremberg trials followed. There were also British and Polish trials held shortly after the war. America is still trying suspected Nazi war criminals through the Office of Special Investigations, a branch of the US Justice Department. Defendants in major trials not held at Nuremberg have been:

Rudolf Hoss, Commandant of Auschwitz, was arrested in March 1946 and turned over to the Polish authorities. He was sentenced to death by the supreme court in Warsaw and taken back to Auschwitz where he was hanged on April 16. 1947.

Adolf Eichmann was captured by Israeli agents in Argentina in May 1960. He was taken to Israel to stand trial. He was tried for crimes against the Jewish people (as opposed to the Nuremberg crimes against humanity). Eichmann was convicted and sentenced to death on December 15, 1961. He was hanged at midnight on June 1, 1 962. He is the only person ever sentenced to death in Israel.

Major war criminals who never faced trial were:

Adolf Hitler who committed suicide April 30, 1945 in his Berlin bunker.

Henrich Himmler who committed suicide May 23, 1945 while in British custody.

Josef Mengele who escaped to South America where he lived out his life.

Hermann Goebbels who committed suicide April 30, 1945 in Hitler's Berlin bunker.